

# Understanding Artin-Schreier Covers ~~of~~ Stacks

- Goal:
- Describe AS covers of curves using stacks
  - Natural applications to moduli spaces in char.  $p > 0$ 
    - e.g. want to study modular forms for  $\Gamma_0(p), \Gamma_1(p)$
    - idea:  $X_0(N), X_1(N)$  arise as "stacky curves" with ramification data.

- Outline:
- I. Moduli problems
  - II. Kummer theory
  - III. Artin-Schreier Theory
- ~~IV. Stacky curves~~

I. Moduli Problems — "find an object that parametrizes \_\_\_\_\_" e.g.  $\mathbb{P}_S^1$

Let  $X$  be a space and  $G$  a group. What properties of  $X$  are preserved up to  $G$ -action?

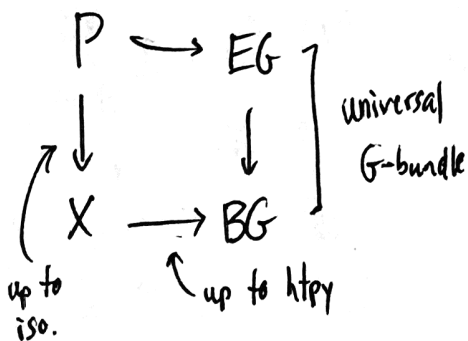
Define  $\text{Bun}_G(X) =$  category of principal  $G$ -bundles  $P \rightarrow X$  / isomorphism.

Theorem:  $\text{Bun}_G(-)$  is representable, i.e. there exists a space  $BG$  and a natural isomorphism  $\text{Bun}_G(X) \cong [X, BG]$  for all  $X$ .

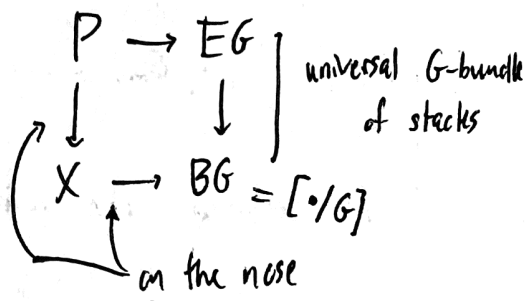
( $BG =$  classifying space for  $G$ -bundles.)

Spaces

$$\text{Bun}_G(X) \cong [X, BG]$$



Stacks  $\{G\text{-bundles}\} \cong \text{Hom}_{\text{stacks}}(X, BG)$



Ex:  $G_n$ -bundles  $\longleftrightarrow$  rank  $n$  vector bundles

( $G_m$ -bundles  $\longleftrightarrow$  line bundles)

Prop: There is a bijection  $(L, s) \longleftrightarrow [A'/G_m](X) = \text{Hom}(X, [A'/G_m])$   
(line bundle, section) (quotient stack)

n.b.  $[A'/G_m]$  may be thought of as an  
"infinitesimal thickening" of  $BG_m = [0/G_m]$ .

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II. Kummer Theory — way to understand cyclic  $G$ -covers when  $p \nmid |G|$ .

Natural question: for a line bundle  $L \rightarrow X$ ,  $X$  a scheme, and  $r \geq 1$ , does there exist another line bundle  $E \rightarrow X$  such that  $E^{\otimes r} = L$ ?

Answer: Kummer theory (on stacks!)

Recall that a Kummer extension of fields is of the form  $L/k$  where

$$L = k[x]/(x^r - s) \text{ for some } r \geq 1, s \in k^\times.$$

It has  $\text{Gal}(L/k) \cong \mathbb{Z}/r\mathbb{Z}$ .

To understand cyclic extensions in the language of stacks, we have the following construction of Cadman:

Def: The  $r$ th universal Kummer stack is the cover

$$\begin{array}{ccc} [A'/G_m] & \xrightarrow{x \mapsto x^r} & [A'/G_m] \\ \cup & & \cup \\ (\text{recall: } [0/G_m] & \longrightarrow & [0/G_m]) \end{array}$$

This allows us to construct  $r$ th roots of line bundles.

Def: For a scheme  $X$ , a line bundle  $L \rightarrow X$  and a section  $s: X \rightarrow L$ ,  
the  $r$ th root stack  $\sqrt[r]{(L,s)}/X$  is the fibre product

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \sqrt[r]{(L,s)}/X & \longrightarrow & [A'/G_m] \\
 \downarrow \ulcorner & & \downarrow \times \\
 X & \longrightarrow & [A'/G_m] \\
 & \nwarrow & \uparrow \\
 & & \text{induced by } (L,s)
 \end{array}$$

induced by some " $(L^{1/r}, s^{1/r})$ "

Concretely, if  $Y \rightarrow X$  is a  $G = \mathbb{Z}/r\mathbb{Z}$ -Galois cover of curves, then

$$[Y/G] \cong \sqrt[r]{(O_X, s)}/X \text{ where } s \text{ encodes the branch data of the cover.}$$

### III. Artin-Schreier Theory

What to do when  $\text{char } k = p > 0$  and  $p \mid |G|$ ?

Can we still find  $E^{\otimes p} = L$ ?

Recall that an Artin-Schreier extension of fields is of the form  $L/k$  where

~~$$L = k[x]/(y^p - y - a), a \in k.$$~~

AS extensions are uniquely determined by their ramification jump, an integer  $m \notin p\mathbb{Z}$  defined using the higher ramification filtration of  $\text{Gal}(L/k)$ .

To understand AS covers using stacks, we need more data than just  $[A'/G_m]$ ...

For  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , the weighted projective line  $\mathbb{P}(m,1)$  is  $\mathbb{P}^1$  with one stacky point at 0 of order  $m$ :

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \longleftarrow \bullet \longrightarrow \mathbb{P}(m,1) \\
 m
 \end{array}$$

Def: The universal Artin-Schreier stack of jump  $m$  is the cover of stacks

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{P}_m: [\mathbb{P}(m,1)/\mathbb{G}_a] & \longrightarrow & [\mathbb{P}(m,1)/\mathbb{G}_a] \\ [x,y] & \longmapsto & [x^p - xy^{m(p-1)}, y^p] \end{array}$$

where  $\mathbb{G}_a \curvearrowright \mathbb{P}(m,1)$  acts by  $\lambda \cdot x = x + \lambda$  away from the stacky pt.

To study line bundles on wildly ramified curves, we have the following:

Prop: There is a bijection  $(L, s, f) \longleftrightarrow \text{Hom}(X, [\mathbb{P}(m,1)/\mathbb{G}_a])$ .  
 (line bundle, section,  
 section of  $L^{\otimes m}$ )

Explicitly, such a map  $X \rightarrow [\mathbb{P}(m,1)/\mathbb{G}_a]$  is  $x \mapsto [f(x), s(x)]$ .

Def: For a scheme  $X$ , line bundle  $L \rightarrow X$  and sections  $s: X \rightarrow L$  and  $f: X \rightarrow L^{\otimes m}$ , the Artin-Schreier root stack of jump  $m$  is the fibre product

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{K} = \mathcal{P}_m^{-1}((L, s, f)/X) & \longrightarrow & [\mathbb{P}(m,1)/\mathbb{G}_a] \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \mathcal{P}_m \\ X & \longrightarrow & [\mathbb{P}(m,1)/\mathbb{G}_a] \end{array}$$

↖ determined by  $(L, s, f)$

Here, the top row is determined by some  $(M, t, g)$  where  $t: \mathcal{K} \rightarrow \mathbb{A}^1$ ,  $g: \mathcal{K} \rightarrow M^{\otimes m}$ ,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M^{\otimes p} & \xrightarrow{\sim} & L \\ t^p & \longleftrightarrow & s \\ g^p - t^{m(p-1)}g & \longleftrightarrow & f. \end{array}$$

Ex:  $X = A^1 = \text{Spec } k[x]$

$Y = \text{Spec } k[x, y] / (y^p - y - f(x))$  for  $f \in k[x]$  deg.  $m$ ,  $p \nmid m$

Then  $Y \rightarrow A^1$  has Galois group  $G = \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z} \iff$  AS extension of function fields with jump  $m$ .

Goal: construct  $[Y/G]$  as an AS root stack.

Sketch of proof: it's enough to show

$$\text{Hom}(T, \mathbb{P}m^{-1}((\mathcal{O}_{A^1}, x, f)/A^1)) \cong \text{Hom}(T, [Y/G])$$

for any test scheme  $T$ .

On the left,  $T \rightarrow \mathbb{P}m^{-1}((\mathcal{O}_{A^1}, x, f)/A^1)$  corresponds to

$$(\varphi: T \rightarrow A^1, M \rightarrow T, t \in \Gamma(T, M), g: \Gamma(T, M^{\otimes m}), \psi)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi: M^{\otimes p} &\xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{O}_{A^1}^* = \mathcal{O}_T \\ t^p &\longmapsto \varphi^* x \\ g^{p-t^{m(p-1)}} &\longmapsto \varphi^* f. \end{aligned}$$

On the right,  $T \rightarrow [Y/G]$  corresponds to

$$\begin{array}{ccc} P & \rightarrow & Y \\ \downarrow & & \\ T & & \end{array} \quad \text{where } P \rightarrow T \text{ is a } G\text{-bundle and } P \rightarrow Y \text{ is } G\text{-equivariant.}$$

Send  $(\varphi, m, t, g, \psi) \rightsquigarrow P = \{(g(z), t(z), z) \in M^{\otimes m} \times_T M \times T\}$

$$\downarrow$$

$T$ .

In general, the hope is that all covers of curves with wild ramification can be encoded with stacks in this way (work in progress):

- $\mathbb{Z}/p$  is described above, but need to understand general case by patching together affine AS curves
- $\mathbb{Z}/p^k \mathbb{Z}$  — Artin-Schreier-Witt theory?
- interface with (Kummer) root stacks,